United Nations S/2003/980

Security Council

Distr.: General
14 October 2003

Original: English

Guinea, Malaysia, Pakistan and Syrian Arab Republic: draft resolution

The Security Council,

Recalling its resolutions 242 (1967) of 22 November 1967, 267 (1969) of 3 July 1969, 298 (1971) of 25 September 1971, 446 (1979) of 22 March 1979, 452 (1979) of 20 July 1979, 465 (1980) of 1 March 1980, 476 (1980) of 30 June 1980, 478 (1980) of 20 August 1980, 904 (1994) of 18 March 1994, 1073 (1996) of 28 September 1996 and 1397 (2002) of 12 March 2002,

Reaffirming the principle of the inadmissibility of the acquisition of territory by force,

Reaffirming its vision of a region where two States, Israel and Palestine, live side by side within secure and recognized borders,

Condemning all acts of violence, terror and destruction,

Stressing the urgency of ending the current violent situation on the ground, the need to end the occupation that began in 1967 and the need to achieve peace based on the vision of two States mentioned above,

Reiterating its call upon Israel, the occupying Power, to fully and effectively respect the Fourth Geneva Convention of 1949,

Reiterating its opposition to settlement activities in the Occupied Territories and to any activities involving the confiscation of land, disruption of the livelihood of protected persons and the de facto annexation of land,

1. *Decides* that the construction by Israel, the occupying Power, of a wall in the Occupied Territories departing from the armistice line of 1949 is illegal under relevant provisions of international law and must be ceased and reversed;

2. *Requests* the Secretary-General to report on the compliance with this resolution periodically, with the first report to be submitted within one month;

3. *Decides* to remain seized of the matter.

03-55781 (E) 141003

United Nations S/2003/981

Security Council

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10 October 2003

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Letter dated 6 October 2003 from the Permanent Representative of Italy to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to draw your attention to the statement condemning the suicide bombing in Haifa issued on 4 October 2003 by the Presidency of the European Union on behalf of the European Union (see annex).

I should be grateful if the text of the present letter and its annex could be circulated as a document of the Security Council.

(*Signed*) Marcello **Spatafora**
Permanent Representative of Italy
to the United Nations

03-55266 (E) 101003

Annex to the letter dated 6 October 2003 from the Permanent Representative of Italy to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

[Original: English and French]

Statement condemning the suicide bombing in Haifa issued on 4 October 2003 by the Presidency of the European Union on behalf of the European Union

On behalf of the European Union, the Italian Presidency firmly condemns the suicide bombing in Haifa that has, once again, caused the death and injury of numerous innocent civilians.

The European Union Ministers for Foreign Affairs, meeting in Rome for the Intergovernmental Conference, have expressed their deepest condolences for the victims of this new and extremely serious explosion of violence.

They reiterate the absolute necessity to end the spiralling violence in the Middle East with a view to reviving dialogue within the context of the peace process and according to the guidelines mapped out by the Quartet.

United Nations A/58/429–S/2003/982

General Assembly
Security Council

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General Assembly
Fifty-eighth session
Agenda items 117 (a) and (b)

Human rights questions: implementation of human rights instruments

Human rights questions: human rights questions, including alternative approaches for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms

Security Council
Fifty-eighth year

Letter dated 9 October 2003 from the Permanent Representative of Cyprus to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

Upon instructions from my Government, I wish to bring to your attention the latest provocative attempts to suppress free speech and expression in the occupied part of Cyprus and silence those voices within the Turkish Cypriot community in favour of a solution of the Cyprus problem and peaceful coexistence of the two communities in a reunited Cyprus.

On 5 October 2003, members of the extremist Grey Wolves organization, mainly of Turkish mainland origin, gathered in front of the offices of the Turkish Cypriot daily *Afrika* (formerly *Avrupa*), in occupied Nicosia, extending threats against the newspaper and the lives of its journalists, Sener Levent and Ali Osman. The marchers, carrying banners and Turkish flags, chanted slogans and made the sign of the wolf, while two of the marchers placed a black wreath in front of the offices' door. Speaking in front of *Afrika*'s offices, the leader of the organization, Mr. Hasan Keskin, extended threats by stating: "this warning is the last warning for *Afrika*. If the law does not punish them, the nation will. The punishment of the traitors is certain". Many organizations and press associations in Cyprus and abroad condemned these actions and expressed their support for the newspaper and its reporters.

This incident follows a series of threats and acts of intimidation against those Turkish Cypriots who disagree with Turkey's policy in Cyprus and have the courage to publicly challenge Turkey's military presence on the island and Mr. Denktash's negative approach to the Cyprus problem. It constitutes part of a well-known and long-standing systematic policy of the occupying Power and its subordinate local administration to eliminate any critical point of view coming from the Turkish

03-55330 (E) 131003

Cypriots who support the idea of a reunited Cyprus that is free of occupation troops and a member of the European Union.

This new incident of repression comes at a time when the Cyprus problem is at a critical juncture. While the voice of the Turkish Cypriot opposition, drastically increased and empowered, advocates the resumption of substantive negotiations for a comprehensive solution of the Cyprus problem, Mr. Denktash, supported by Ankara, continues to refuse to return to the negotiating table, thus depriving the Turkish Cypriots from participating in accession to the European Union.

The Government of Cyprus strongly condemns these recent provocations in the occupied part of Cyprus and expresses grave concern for the threat against the lives of the two Turkish Cypriots journalists of *Afrika*. In this respect, we appeal to you to exercise your influence upon Turkey in order to exert pressure on Mr. Denktash and to instruct its military and other agents to respect the human rights of the Turkish Cypriots and their fundamental liberties of free expression and speech and cease the harassment of those who dare to express freely their opinions.

It would be very much appreciated if the present letter could be circulated as a document of the Security Council and of the General Assembly, under agenda items 117 (a) and (b).

(*Signed*) Andreas D. **Mavroyiannis**